

## On Certain Operator Method for Solving Differential Equations

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**Abstract:** In this paper a new method of construction of a solution for a wide class of fractional order differential equations is presented. This method is a generalization of the method of operator algorithms to fractional order differential equations. Let  $m - 1 < \alpha \leq \gamma \leq m, m \in N, D^{\alpha, \gamma} f(t) = J^{(\gamma - \alpha)} \frac{d^m}{dt^m} J^{(m - \gamma)} f(t)$ . Then the following proposition is true.

**Theorem 1.** Let  $m - 1 < \alpha \leq \gamma \leq m, m = 1, 2, \dots, s = \gamma - 1, \dots, \gamma - m$ . Then the functions

$$y_{s,p}(t) = \sum_{i=p}^{\infty} \lambda^{i-p} \binom{i}{p} \frac{t^{i\alpha+s}}{\Gamma(i\alpha+s+1)}$$

for all values of  $p = 0, 1, \dots, n - 1$  are solutions of the following equation of fractional order:

$$(D^{\alpha, \gamma} - \lambda)^n y(t) = 0, t > 0.$$

Let  $E_{\alpha, \alpha}^p(\lambda, t) = \sum_{i=p}^{\infty} \lambda^{i-p} \binom{i}{p} \frac{t^{i\alpha}}{\Gamma(i\alpha + \alpha)}, p = 0, 1, \dots$ . Consider the following function

$$y_p(f)(t) = \int_0^t (t - \tau)^{\alpha-1} E_{\alpha, \alpha}^p(-\lambda(t - \tau)^\alpha) f(\tau) d\tau,$$

**Theorem 2.** Let  $m - 1 < \alpha \leq \gamma \leq m, m = 1, 2, \dots$ . Then functions  $y_p(f)(t), p = 0, 1, \dots$  form  $f$ -normalized system with respect to the operator  $D^{\alpha, \gamma} - \lambda$ , i.e. the following equality holds:

$$\begin{cases} (D^{\alpha, \gamma} - \lambda) y_0(f)(t) = f(t), \\ (D^{\alpha, \gamma} - \lambda) y_p(f)(t) = f_{p-1}(t), p \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

**Keywords:** operator method, operator of fractional differentiation and integration, fractional order differential equation

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## Asymptotically $\mathcal{I}$ -Cesàro Equivalence of Sequences of Sets

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**Abstract:** In this study, we defined concept of asymptotically  $\mathcal{I}$ -Cesàro equivalence and investigate the relationship between the concepts of asymptotically strongly  $\mathcal{I}$ -Cesàro equivalence, asymptotically strongly  $\mathcal{I}$ -lacunary equivalence, asymptotically  $p$ -strongly  $\mathcal{I}$ -Cesàro equivalence and asymptotically  $\mathcal{I}$ -statistical equivalence of sequences of sets.

**Keywords:** Asymptotically equivalence, Cesàro summability, lacunary sequence, Ideal convergence, Sequences of sets, Wijsman convergence.

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